Action



BRIDPORT RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

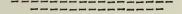
ANNUAL REPORT.

of the

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

for the .

YEAR 1952.







With the Compliments of the Medicul Officer of Health

Public Health Office, 32, South Street, Bridport. Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2017 with funding from Wellcome Library

Public Health Office, 32, South Street, Bridport, Dorset.

September, 1953.

To the Chairman and Members of the Bridport Rural District Council.

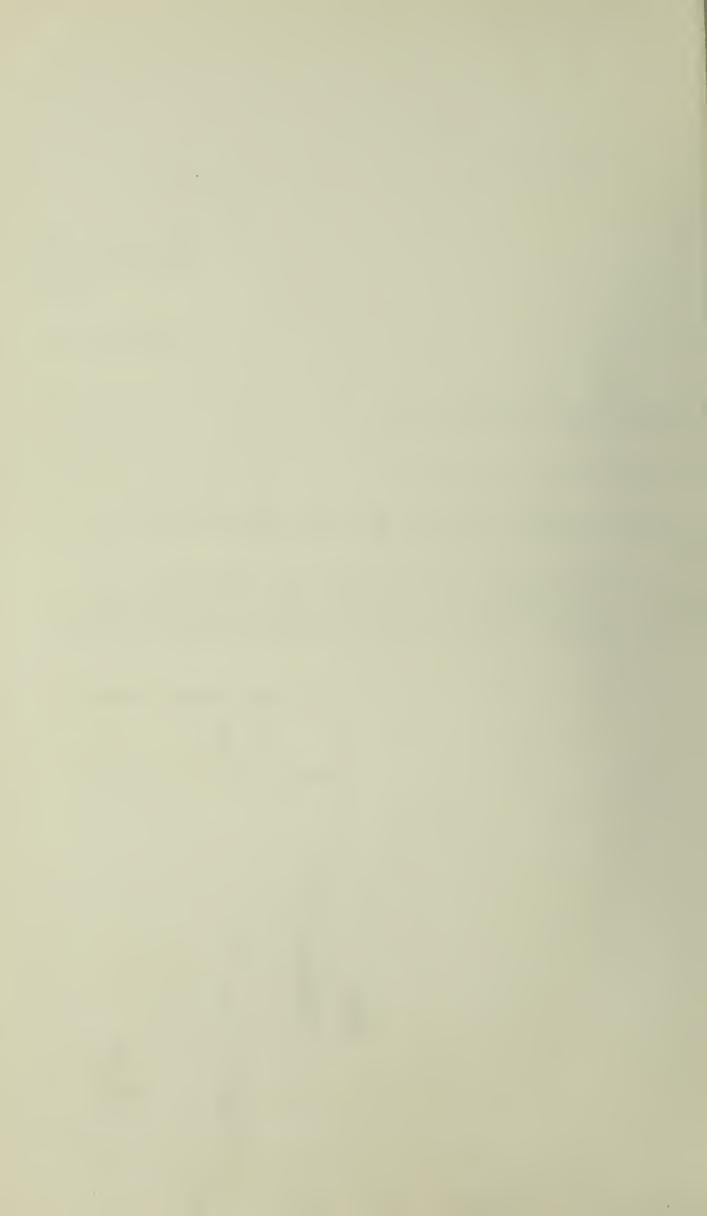
Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you my Annual Report on the Health and Sanitary Circumstances of the District for the year 1952.

I am deeply grateful for the courtesy and consideration extended to me by members of the Council, and for the co-operation by my colleagues on the Council staff especially Colonel Maddocks, the Sanitary Inspector, and Mr. Newman, the assistant Sanitary Inspector.

I am your obedient servant,

Mcdical Officer of Health.



Medical Officer of Health
STATISTICS OF THE AREA.
Area in Acres 32,150,
Registrar General's estimate of population 7,593.
No. of inhabited houses (according to the Rate Books as at the end of 1952) 2,560,
Rateable Value
Sum represented by a Penny Rate £147.
EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS.
Live Births. M. F.
Total Births. Legitimate. 51. 46. Birth Rate per 1,000 estimated resident population - 12,77 orude. 1. 2. 14.56 corrected. Comparability Factor 1.14
Still Births. M. F.
Total Still Births 1 Still Birth Rate per 1,000 estimated resident population - 0.13
Deaths of Infants under 1 year of Age.
Total. M. F. Death Rate of all Infants per 1,000 notified Births - 30.9
Deaths of Infants under 4 weeks of Age.
Total. Total.
Deaths from Puerperal Causes
Deaths at all ages and from all Causes. M. F. 50 43 Death Rate per 1,000 estimated resident population - 12,2 crude. 8.5 corrected. Comparability Factor 0.70.
Note Comparability Eactor

Note. Comparability Factor.

This is worked out for each District by the Registrar General.

Its object is to level out differences in the age and sex constitution of the populations of the various districts and its use enables us to obtain standardisedbirth and death rates which are more fairly comparable and more accurate than the crude rates.

CAUSES OF DEATH AT ALL AGES.

Registrar General's Official Returns.

	Males.	Females.	Total
1. Tuberculosis, respiratory.	1		1
2. Ruberculosis, other			1 1
3. Syphilitic Disease.		_	- 1
4. Diphtheria.		_	_
5. Whooping Cough.		_	_
6. Meningococcal infections.			- 1
7. Acute Poliomyelitis.		_	- 1
8. Measles.		_	
9. Other infective and parasitic diseases	_	_	
110. Malignant neoplasm, stomach	1 7	1	
	1 2	1	2
12. Malignant neoplasm, breast	_	-	2 2 1
11. Malignant neoplasm, lung, bronchus. 12. Malignant neoplasm, breast. 13. Malignant neoplasm, uterus. 14. Other malignant & lymphatic neoplasms. 15. Leukaemia, aleukaemia. 16. Diabetes. 17. Vascular lesions of nervous system. 18. Coronary disease, angina. 19. Hypertension with heart disease. 20. Other heart disease.	_	1	
14. Other malignant & lymphatic neonlogma	5	-	8
15. Leukaemia. aleukaemia	2	3	8
16. Diabetes.	_		- 1
17. Vascular lesions of nervous system	1 2	9 7	
18. Coronary disease angina	70	1 2	11
19. Hypertension with heart disease	1 75		19 2 18 6 -
20. Other heart disease.	10	-	1 2 1
21. Other circulatory disease.	1 7	0	1 To !
1126. Intluenza.	2)	6
23. Pneumonia.	7	-	
23. Pneumonia. 24. Bronchitis.	2 12 2 10 3 1	8 3 1 1	4 2 2
25. Other diseases of respiratory system. 26. Ulcer of stomach and duodenum.	1 1	4	2
26. Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	1 -	1	1
27. Gastritis, enteritis, and dianghoop	_	_	-
27. Gastritis, enteritis, and diarrhoea. 28. Nephritis and nephrosis.	l	- 0	
	1 -	2	3
30. Pregnancy, childhirth, shortion	_	-	- i
31. Congenital malformations	_		_
32. Other defined and ill defined discourse	7	1 3	1 6
33. Motor vehicle accidents	2	3	6
34. All other accidents.	- 3 2 1		2
35. Suicide.	1	1	2
30. Pregnancy, childbirth, abortion. 31. Congenital malformations. 32. Other defined and ill defined diseases. 33. Motor vehicle accidents. 34. All other accidents. 35. Suicide. 36. Homicide and operations of war.	~	1	1
and abordaroup of Mar*	_		-
Total.	50	17	07
		43	93

Maternal Deaths		Death Rate (crude) Death Rate (corrected) Death Rate (Eng. & Wales) INFANT MORTALITY	Live Births. Legitimate. Illegitimate. Still Births. Live Birth Rate (crude). Live Birth Rate (corrected). Live Birth Rate (Eng. & Wales). DEATHS.	BIRTHS.	Value	Population	
s) 2,97	55.5	115 12.4 11.6	79 71 11,5 15,6	£129	£30959	6895	1938
1.1	401	107 15.1	101 93 14.3	£139	£32780	7073	1944
1.75	400 200	118. 17. 2	92 177 13. 16. 1	£134	£32895	6843	1945
1.1.43	29. 43.	13.9	136 130 6. 19,1	£137	£33057	7138	1946
1-1-17	4.81.	107 14,7	118 113 16, 2	£137	£33768	7266	1947
1.02	J. 6	116. 15. 2	104 999 13.7 17.9	£141	£33714	7612	1948
01.1	34.55 20.59	116 15,26 10,8	109 102 7. 14, 3	£141		7605	1949
01.1	29.18	110. 6 14.23 10.1 11.6	109 201 44 44 44 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70 70	£143	£34772	7729	1950
0.79	8 29 6	111 14.5 10.1	10 12,6 15,5 15,5 15,5 15,5 15,5 15,5 15,5 15	£145	£35271	7670	1951
9 0.72	2000	125.25 125.25 125.25	25.57 12.57 14.5.77 14.5.77	£147	€36052	7593	1055 050

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

Water Supplies.

The District is made up of 18 parishes with a combined area of 50 square miles and a population of 7,593.

Bridport Water Works Company.

The parishes of Allington, Bothenhampton, Bradpole, Burton Bradstock, Litton Cheney, Loders, Swyre, and Symondsbury, are in the statutory area of the above Company. Of these parishes, the first four are fairly well supplied; Litton Cheney, Swyre, and Symondsbury are partly supplied, and Loders is without mains. Approximately 2,500 people out of a total of 4,200 in the parishes receive Company's water including 250-300 dependent on standpipes.

Very little progress has been made regarding the purchase of the Bridport Water Works Company's Undertaking. No report had been received up to the end of the year from the financial advisor(to the Joint Committee of the Bridport Rural and Borough Councils) who had been appointed in March, to prepare a valuation and report of the Water Company's Undertaking, subject to the Company giving full facilitic for the valuation of the Undertaking to be made with a view to purchase.

On 22nd. August, a fracture 4' 6" long occurred in the main, 200 yards from the source at Litton Cheney, and it was not until the 26th. that repairs were effected. During this period of shortage, water tankers were taken round with drinking water, the Fire Brigade co-operated in flushing sewers, notices were put up on springs and wells from which water was being taken by householders, advising the public to boil water, and this warning was also emphasized through the Press and loud speakers. I made a special report on this shortage of water to the Ministry.

Askerswell.

25 people in this village receive piped supplies by the Council. Nothing has been done regarding the renewal of defective pipes, the construction of proper collection chambers or the protection of the springs, as mentioned in last year's Report.

Charmouth.

44,750 gallons are collected from shallow sources and supply 800 persons, (2,000 in the summer), through four miles of mains, and a reservoir of 40,000 gallons capacity. The water is fully treated by storage, filtration, hardening, and simple chlorination.

During the year, Stage 1 of the augmentation scheme was carried out. This consisted of laying a new 3" A.C. main from Greenlands Hardening Chamber to Hogohester Marsh, and sealing off the existing main from Greenlands to the supply pipe line so diverting all the water from Potato Patch to the Hogohester Marsh. A 4 H.P. electric pump was installed and a pump well built at Hogohester with automatic switching equipment to lift the water from Hogohester into the reservoir at Charmouth. At the same time the overflow to the existing supply at Fernhill House was brought into the Fernhill Supply system and a reflux valve installed to operate when the pump is in action. As a result of the above measures, an extra 7,000 gallons per day were pumped to the Charmouth supply. The maximum comsumption occurred on 23rd. July, when it was at the rate of some 84,000 g.p.d,. Arrangements have been made to have the 3" C.I. main from Hogohester Marsh to Fernhill cross roads scraped free of incrustation. Additional water is still required at Charmouth during the summer months. Main extensions were carried out at two housing estates during the year.

Ohideock.

Very little progress was made during the year, regarding the purchase of the Chideock Water Works Company Ltd, although a Public Enquiry was held in December, 1950. This delay has held up the augmentation scheme proposed at the Enquiry, and in the meantime the supply to the village still remains unsatisfactory in quantity and quality. In October, the Ministry advised the purchase of the Undertaking including the residue of the lease.

Litton Cheney.

It is from the source near this village that the Bridport Water Works Company Ltd obtain their supply of 320,000 g.p.d., and although this quantity is passing down the main, 200 yards distant from the Paddocks and Puddlehole parts of the village, which parts are on a higher level than the main, the residents are still dependent on grossly contaminated wells and a roadside ditch for their water supply. A scheme was prepared by the Council at the beginning of 1951 to chtain water from the grotto in the pectory grounds, ram to a reservoir on White Way and thence gravity feed the area concerned, but the Company, in whose statutory authority this area is situated, proposed to carry out an extension themselves, and in June, sent their plans and proposals to the Council. In July, the Council agreed to accept these proposals, and later in the year sold to the Company the necessary mains and fittings for the scheme. Difficulties arose between the Council and the Company, regarding the proposed route of the main, and as these difficulties had not been resolved by the end of the year, no work was carried out on the scheme.

Loders.

In connection with the proposed housing site, a water supply scheme has been prepared, but until proposals for the housing site and main drainage for the village have advanced further, no more work regarding the water supply is being undertaken.

Puncknowle.

As far back as March, 1950, a Public Enquiry was held. Little progress has however been made to implement the findings at the Enquiry and the villagers are still compelled to go with their buckets and jugs to fetch water from the only available source, namely, the shoot opposite the Old Post Office. The whole of the year has been taken up with discussions between the riparian owners and the Council regarding water troughs for cattle, with the result that the willages of Puncknowle, Swyre, and Bexington are still without a satisfactory water supply and in addition, no Council Houses can be built in Puncknowle village.

Shipton Gorge.

Plans and details of the scheme to supply the village were completed and sent to the Dorset County Council in November. The pumping tests of the borehole showedthe following results - . . .

November 1949. 2,700 g.p.d. January 1952. 5,700 g.p.d. September 1952. 5,800 g.p.d.

The water has been analysed and found to be both bacteriologically and chemically satisfactory.

Morcombelake.

The Council's Huts and a few surrounding properties are supplied by water piped from a small reservoir which is fed from three sources in Hardown Hill. This Hill also supplies a large part of the remainder of the village through the private Hastead and Bridge's supplies. A well with an average yield of 600 - 700 g.p.d. feeds the site on which six Council Houses are being erected.

West Bexington.

This is a privately owned supply which is entirely unsatisfactory and will be superseded by the proposed Puncknowle supply.

Symondsbury.

The village receives piped supplies from the Colfox Estate.

Wootton Fitzpaine.

The Council Houses at Partway are supplied from the Pass Family Trust piped supply, and at Monkton Wyld Cross, the Council House site obtains its water from the Axminster R.D.C.'s piped supply.

Analyses.

The following table shows the results of the bacteriological analyses carried out during the year, of water from Local Authority and Privately owned supplies.

	Total.	Satisfactory.	Unsatisfactory.	
Local Authority.		20,	4.	8.
Private.	3.	3.		

3 chemical analyses were carried out to Local Authority supplies; all were satisfactory.

From the above Report it is evident that the Rural District lacks a water supply sufficient in quantity and satisfactory in quality. Considering the time that has elapsed since commencing negotiations to acquire and extend four small village schemes which, when completed, will only be stop-gaps and not very satisfactory, and even after about three years, negotiations are still going on, one is led to the conclusion that the most expeditious and efficient way to supply the District would be to embark on a comprehensive Area Scheme based on one central source. Such a source exists at Litton Cheney and is owned by the Bridport Water Works Company Ltd.

Approximately 3,600 people take supplies from Public Mains, 1,100 receive piped water from Private Undertakings and the remaining 2,900 in the District rely on shallow wells and springs of doubtful quality; and insufficient quantity.

Drainage and Sewerage.

As stated in previous reports, the District is not satisfactorily sewered and all the streams are receiving crude sewage from the villages on their banks. This is particularly true at Charmouth, Chideock, Burton Bradstock, Symondsbury, Bradpole, Shipton Gorge, Puncknowle, and Walditch.

In June, a firm of Consultant Engineers was appointed to prepare a sewerage scheme for Burton Bradstock, and at the end of the year a draft scheme was in preparation. They were also asked to survey Shipto: Gorge and prepare a scheme for that village. When this scheme is prepared the Consultants have been asked to prepare a scheme for Charmou

Sewage schemes for Puncknowle and Loders are in course of preparation by the Surveyor.

During the year estate sewers were laid on the Mount Joy, King Charles, and Ridgeway Estates.

Sewer maintenance is regularly carried out to the Council sewers and drains in Bradpole, Bothenhampton, Charmouth, Chideock, East Road, Loders Symondsbury, Walditch, West Cliff and West Road.

Public Oleansing.

A monthly collection of refuse and salvage at present operates, indestructible household refuse only being collected. The Council have a 3/4 ton Bedford Lorry permanently engaged on this work, and the Karrier Bantam Lorry is used for general work and salvage and refuse collections as required. Refuse is dumped into old quarries at Bennet's Hill, Burton Bradstock and Litton Cheney, and into disused pits at Charmouth and Bothenhampton. The dump situated in the old quarry at Puncknowle Road, Burton Bradstock, has been closed, and the old tip levelled and covered to the owners requirements. The demand for salvage ceased during the year and all materials previously salvaged are now disposed of on the dumps, the paper being burned.

34 visits were made in connection with Public Cleansing.

Petroleum Spirit and Carbide.

Smoke Abatement.

No Nuisances arose over smoke emission; and no visits or inspections were made.

Shops and Offices.

42 inspections were made, but no Notices under the Shops Acts, were served.

Eradication of Vermin.

One house was dealt with during the year.

Rodent Control.

There is no Rodent Control in the District. The Council's workmen carry out disinfestations on the pre-baiting principle at quarterly intervals on the Council's four refuse dumps.

Cemping Sites.

Although the Council in 1950 agreed to adopt the Model Byelaws in respect of Tents, Vans, Sheds and Similar Structures, confirmation had not been given by the Minister in 1952. During the year 20 camping licences were issued or renewed authorising the use of 335 caravans during the season on 18 sites, and winter storage of 28 caravans on 2 of the sites. 3 of the sites are licenced individuals pending the erection of their new houses.

5 applications covering 232 caravans were refused on the grounds of insanitary conditions.

The 23 beach huts at Seatown, 13 at Eype's Mouth and 14 at West Bexington are approved as Temporary Buildings on an annual licence held by the owners and renewable. Two Informal Notices served during the year under the Public Health Act. 1936 were complied with as were 8 Notices served in 1951.

5 visits were made to camping sites during the year.

Schools.

Of the 12 schools in the area, 2 receive Pasteurised Milk, and the remainder have T.T. Milk; all have piped water supplies, 3 have bucket, or vault closets, while the remainder have water closets.

Sanitary Inspections of the area.

Under P.H.A.1936 (Nuisances)	Housing Sites and Schemes
Informal Notices(P.H.A.36)served. 3.	Complied with 3.
Statutory Notices(P.H.A.36) " 2.	Complied with 2.
Informal Notices(P.of R.P.A.76)	Complied with
Informal Notices (F.A.37)	Complied with
Statutory Notices (F.A.37)	Complied with

x - The Factory and adjoining premises on which these Notices were served has recently changed hands and the work called for in the Notices is now to be carried out.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Meat Inspection.

All the slaughtering for West Dorset takes place at a slaughter house in the Bridport Rural District. A Veterinary Surgeon employed by the four West Dorset Authorities is responsible for the inspection of carcases on every day that slaughtering takes place.

Carcases Inspected and Condemned.

	Cattle including cows.	Calves.	Sheep and Lambs.	Pigs.
Number of Animals killed	1010	3 19	2413	118
No. of Carcases inspected.	1010	3 19	2413	118
All Diseases except Tuberculosis Whole carcases condemned Carcases of which some part or	9	1	4	10
organ was condemned. Percentage affected with	442.	4.	136,	22
disease other than Tuberculosis.	11.7%	1.5%	5.8%	27%
Tuberculosis only. Whole carcases condemned. Carcases of which some part or	9	_	1	2
organ was condemned.	229.	_	-	2
Percentage affected with Tuberculosis.	23.6%		-	3%

9 Milk Supply No. of persons registered as distributors at end of 1952........ 4. Milk Sampling. The following are particulars of the 54 samples of milk taken in the District by the County Council. T.T. Accredited. Result. Pastcurised. Non-Designated. Total 12 Passed. 20 1 14 47 1 1 5 Failed. 7 There are no Pasteurising Plants in the District. Milk and Dairics Regulations 1949. Article 20. It was unnecessary to invoke these Regulations during the year. Ice Cream. No. of Ice Cream premises inspected..... No. of Informal Notices Complied with 1 sample was taken for analysis and proved to be in Grade 1. Condemnation of Food. The following foodstuffs were condemned as being unfit for human consumption. Tinned Vegetables..... Bacon.... Food and Drugs Act. 1938. Sec. 15. Byelaws. No Notice was served under the above Byelaws for infringement. HOUSING. Inspection of Dwelling Houses.

Action under Statutory Powers.

Housing Act. 1936. Sections 9, 10, & 16.

Public Health Act. 1936.

Housing Act. 1936. Sections 11 & 12, Rc-Housing. No. of Building Sites acquired by Local Authority..... Improvement Grants. Under the Housing Act, 1949, three applications were received for improvement grants; two of these were approved by the Council, but one was withdrawn by the applicant, and the third was disapproved. Post War Houses. The 28 houses completed by the Local Authority during 1952 were built at Charmouth 26, and Monkton Wyld Cross 2. 14 houses are in course of construction in the following places:-Burton Bradstock 6, Stanton St. Gabriel 6, Wootton Fitzpaine - Partway 2. Rural Housing Survey. At the end of the year there were approximately 150 applicants on the housing list. Details of Plans submitted under Public Health Act, 1936. New Houses 15, New Bungalows 14, Conversion of Buildings into Dwellings 1, Additional accommodation 5, Additions and alterations 46, Installation/Alterations to drainage 8, Agricultural Buildings 18, Schools and Hospitals (alterations etc) 1, Water Supplies 3, Chalets and Temporary Buildings 32, Garages 12, Workshops, Sheds, and Greenhouses 6, Electricity Main Extensions 14, New access 5, Camping sites 19, Village Halls 1, 'Bus shelters 1, Chamge of users 3, Advertisements 7, Sites 23.

Disapproved.

New Houses 3, New Bungalows 4, Conversion of Buildings into Dwollings 4, Additions and alterations 5, Agricultural Buildings 1, Chalets and Temporary Buildings 2, Garages 2, Camping Sites 5, Sites 2.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Of the 31 cases of Whooping Cough which were notified, 17 occurred in the third quarter, and in this quarter also there were 13 cases of Measles out of the 18 notified.

There were 2 cases of Poliomyelitis; a girl aged 13 years, and the other, a man aged 28 years; both were mild cases. There were no cases of Food Poisoning.

Close co-operation is maintained between Head Teachers the School Nurse and the Medical Officer of Health regarding the control of Infectious Diseases in schools. The following cases were notified from the schools - Mumps 3, Chicken Pox 18, Impetigo 4, Ringworm 2.

During the year, the Regional Hospital Board decided after consulting the Local Authorities concerned, to use the West Dorset Isolation Hospital for cases of Tuberculosis only, and as far as possible to admit West Dorset cases, while the other notifiable cases requiring Hospital treatment would be admitted to Weymouth Isolation Hospital.

Diphtheria Immunisation.

This is the responsibility of the County Council. When not performed by the child's own Doctor, Immunisation is given at the Child Welfare Centre and schools. The following table shows the number of children who have been immunised up to 31.12.52.

Under 1 year.]2	2-3	3-4	4-5	Total.	5-9	10-14	Total.
2	63	91	72	137	365.	455	358	813.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFIED DURING 1952

69 Train.				•		O. Diriling and The Control of the C	Poliomyelitic (Demolytic)	Prenmont, LX			Total cases at all	
1	1	I	1	1	1	ī	1	ı	1	1	Under 1 1 year,	
0	तं	1	1	ı	1	1	1	W	1	1		
3	12	ī	1	1	1	1	1	 	1	1	\ \text{\chi}{\chi}	
0	\sigma_0	1	. 1	1	1	1	1	ب	ı	1	1-2 2-3 3-4 4	
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ŧ	4-5	
23	13	٢	1	щ	1	1	1.	φ	Î	1	5 .	
00	1	щ	ш	1	1	Н	1	Ŋ	1	1 .	5-10 10-15 15-20 20-35 35-45 45-65	7074
ļ Ļ	1	1	1	1	ы	1	1	ī	1	1	15-2	T (
4	ಬ	1	ţ	1	<u>⊢</u> .	ы	1	1	1	1	0 20-35	15h.
Н	1	1	1	1	1	1	ш	1	1	1	5 35-45	
vi	ŧ	1	1	1	ы	1	W	1	1	Н	45-65	
0	1	1	1	1	Н	1	W	1	N	1	0 461. 62	

INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFIED DURING 1938. - 1952.

Total.	Whooping Cough	Measles	Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Pneumonia,	I Encephalițis Lethargica	1 Dysentery	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Acute Poliomyelitis	Cerebro-Spinal Fever,	Puerperal Pyrexia	Enteric Fever (inc. Typhoid)	Scarlet Fever	Erysipelas.,	Diphtheria,	DISEASES.
18	Not Known	Not	Н	σ	Н	ī	1	I	ī	ī	ī	1	9	Н	1	1938
21	4	1	1	1	5	I	1	Н	Н	1	Ч	Н	0	Ч	۲	1939
117	1	93	Н	Vī	N	1	1	1	1	তা	N	1	Sī	ı	4	1940
287	47	225	ы	4	Н	Ч	1	Ч	S	ı	ı	1	3	Ч	1	1941
73	N	56	3	۳	N	1	1	1	1	1	1	i	IJ	4	1	1942
62	10	21	4	0	6	1	1	Ч	1	2	1	1	9	3	1	1943
71	26	15	\sim	ω	4	1	Ч	1	1	W	ı	1	0	6	1	1944
250	24	205	3	4	3	Н	I	Н	1	ı	Ы	1	Ŋ	W	1	1945
35	4	3	IJ	N	N	ī	I	1	Н	CA	Ч	1	8	IJ	ч	1946
129	60	40	3	4	\sim	1	1	1	٢	3	1	ī	9	3	4	1947
98	24	62	1	ы	Н	1	ī	1	ī	N	1		0	∾	1	1948
60	34	00	. 3	W	N	1	3	-1	Н	1	1	1	2	4	1	1949
175	37	112	1	3	3	1	i	ı	7	ī	I	ī	11	N	I	1950
164	62	78	۳	0	7	ī	1	ī	ı	ī	Н	1	7	N	1	1951
69	31	18	Н	4	7	ı	ш	1	N	ī	I	Н	N	№	1	1952

- 14 -TUBERCULOSIS.

Age. Periods.		Cases n		Deaths during 1952.					
	Pulm M	onary. F	Non-Pulmo	onary. E.	Puime M.	nary. F.	Non-Puin	nonary, F.	
0- 5.	-	_	-		_	Dark B	- AZ-0	pathing ()	
5-15. 15-25.	_	ī		1 -	_	p==0	_		
35-45.	gave ture	1		_	1	_ 1		2	
45-55. 55-65.	1	grade grade	-	_		***			
65 & over.			-	***			-		
Total.	2	2	-	1	1	1	-		

New Cases and Mortality. 1938 - 1952.

	D., i.,	New	Cases.	•		. De	aths.	
	M.	nary. F.	Non-Pulm	onary. E.	M.	onary. E.	Non-Pulmo	nary. F.
1938. 1939. 1940. 1941. 1942. 1943. 1945. 1946. 1946. 1948. 1949. 1950. 1951. 1952.	1121266322 3 42	5342 641 211322	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 - 1243 - 32 - 31 - 1	1 112 -11111 1	1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 3 - 1 .	- 1 1 - - - 1 - -	
Total cases on New cases not Cases from ot to live in the Removals from Removed from Removed from Deaths during Total on Regi	ified dher are c Distri Distri Registe kegiste 1952.	uring 1 as who ict. ct into r as No r - Cur	Pulmo M. 12 2 1 4 - 1 10	PARTY. E. 42 15	Non-Puimo M. 4 - 1 - 3	nary. F. 4		

FACTORIES ACTS, 1937 & 1948.

Part 1 of the Act.

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors.)

Daggings	Number	Numb	per of	
Premises.	on Register	Inspections.	Written Notices.	Occupiers prosecuted.
(1) Factories in which Section 1,2,3,4, & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authoriti	29	-		-
(11)Factories not included in (in which Section 7 is enfor by the Local Authority.		-	-	-
(111)Other Premises in which Se 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-won premises.)		-	-	-
TOTAL	38	_	•	

2. CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND.

	Number of				
Particulars.		cases in			
	Found	Remedied	Referre	which	
			То. Н.М.	By H. M.	prosecutions
			Inspector.	Inspector	
					instituted.
Want of cleanliness.	-	-	-	-	-
Overcrowding.	-	-	-	-	500
Unreasonable temperature.	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate ventilation.	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective drainage of floors.	-	-	-	-	-
Sanitary Conveniences. (a) Insufficient. (b) Unsuitable or defective. (c) Not separate for sexes.	-	-	-	- -	-
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork).	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL.	-	-	-	-	-

Part VIII of the Act.

OUTWORK. Sections 110 & 111)

	Se	ction 110.	Section 111.			
Nature of Work.	No. of Out-workers in Aug. list required by Sec. 110 (1) (c).	č fault in sending	No. of prosecutions for failure to supply lists.	No. of instances of work in unwhole-some premises	Notices served.	Prosecu tions.
Nets, other than wire nets.	234•	-	-	_	-	And the second s
TOTAL.	234。	-	-	-	-	



